39. Limnca ampla Migh. Lake.
40. Limnaa catascopium Say. Lake.
41. Physer ancillaria Say. Lake.
42. Physa sayii Tapp. Lake.
43. Physa heterostropha Say. Lake.
44. Planorbis campumulatns Say. Lake.
45. Planorbis tricolvis Say. Lake.
46. Planorbis bicarinatus Say. Lake.
47. Campeloma integer Say. Lake.

## NEW SOUTHERN UNIOS.

BY BERLIN H. WRIGIIT.

Unio conjugans, sp, nov.
Shell thick, solid, inflated, inequilateral, quadrate; dorsal margin arched, posterior margin truncate and subemarginate, basal margin emarginate, anterior margin uniformly rounded; umbos rounded, umbonal ridge prominent, with a marked depression in front; epidermis dark chestnut; tuberculate thronghout, the tuberculations being without apparent order of arrangement or uniformity of shape, except that they expand downward and each base terminates at a growth-line, and near the hase of the shell they become joined into two broken ridges on the anterior half of the shell; cardinal teeth very heary and deeply semated, those in the left valve being tripartite and those in the right valve double; lateral tecth, which extend to the abrupt posterior dorsal angle, are solid, depressed, curved and comparatively smooth; anterior cicatrices deep, contracted and barely distinct ; posterior cicatrices well inupressed and widely separated; pallial line deeply impressed and the pallial margin much thickened in the anterior portion ; dorsal cicatrices many, small, and arranged in a long oblique row under the cardinal teeth; beak cavity deep, wide and bluntly terminated; nacre dead white with large umbraceous spots. Width $3 \frac{3}{1}$, length $2 \frac{3}{1}$, diam. 2 inches.

Habitat: Hiawassa river, Polk Co., 'Tenn.
Type in National Museum.
Remarks: Aflinity, U. blandianns Lea and U.tuberculatus Barnes. This species fills the gap between these species, and removes the latter from the isolated position it has heretofore held, uniting the
members of the group into a continuous ehain, one end of which is U. cylindricus Say, $U$. cylindricus Say var. strigillatus Nobis, $U$. tuberculutns Barnes, U. conjugans Nobis, $U$. blundiames Lea, $U$. asperrimus Lea, etc., and at the other extreme $U$. nodiferus Con.

Anteriorily the shell reminds one of tuberculatus, except that it is much more inflated in that region. Posteriorly it resembles blandianus Lea $=$ rumphiams Lea. It is wider and more inequilateral, however, than that species.
(To be Continued.)

## PISIDIUM HANDWERKI, N. SP.

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BY DR. V. STERKI.
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Among a lot of Pisidia from the Lilycash Creek, Joliet, Ill., collected and sent for examination by Mr. J. H. Handwerk, in 1898, there were a few specimens of evidently a new species. Yet it needed confirmation by more materials. But all efforts of Mr. Handwerk to secure more examples were in vain until a few weeks ago, when he sent a lot of several thousand specimens from the same ereek, containing P. compressum, fallax, cruciatum, punctatum, one of the abditum group, and a few dozen of the Pisidium under consideration, whieh is now confirmed as a n. sp. and named in honor of its discoverer.

Mussel small, rather rounded in outline, rather high, moderately inflated; beaks moderately large, somewhat papilliform ; superior margin strongly, inferior moderately eurved ; posterior rounded or slightly truncated, anterior end rounded or with a slight indication of an angle; surface with dense, almost regular and sharp striae, and with a silky glose, tops of beaks smooth and shining, slightly flattened; eolor of epiconch pale to yellowish horn; shell rather strong, naere colorless or whitish, hinge stont, strongly curved, plate moderately broad, lateral teeth stout, rather high, short; cardinal teeth small, fine; the right one angular, with the posterior part somewhat thicker, inserted in a longitudinal groove on the linge plate, formed by a sharp, tooth-like prominence along the lower edge of the plate; posterior cardinal tooth of the left valve rather long, longitudinal, nearly straight, its ends sloping ; anterior oblique, quite small, or almost obsolete; ligament rather small.

